# History of Farm Policy, Future of Farm Policy

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#### History of U.S. Agricultural Policy

- Land distribution1785-1890
- Education and research
  1830-1914
- Information and marketing assistance
   1870-1933
- Farm income support
   1924-Present



# U.S. Farm Programs Historical Legislation

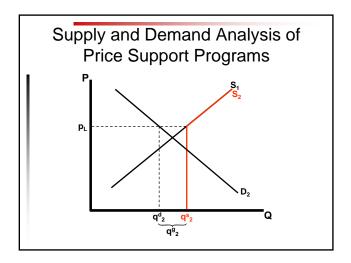
The beginnings of the "Farm Bill"...

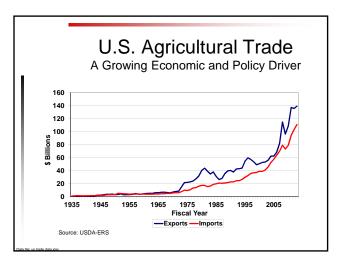
- 1933 Agricultural Adjustment Act
  - Established generic price support programs based on "parity" levels and acreage reduction programs
- 1936 Soil Conservation and Domestic Allotment Act
  - Comprehensive bill provided income support and payments for soil-conserving practices

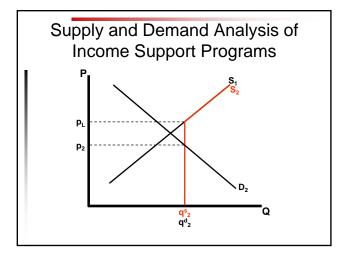
## U.S. Farm Programs Historical Legislation

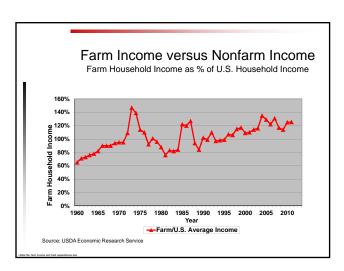
The development of the "permanent" Farm Bill...

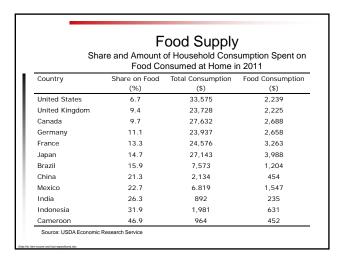
- 1938 Agricultural Adjustment Act
- Re-authorized act of 1936 and initiated mandatory nonrecourse loans
- 1948 Commodity Credit Corporation Charter Act
- 1949 Agricultural Act
  - Made several agricultural stabilization tools permanent, including government stocks, loans, food aid, and basic commodity support

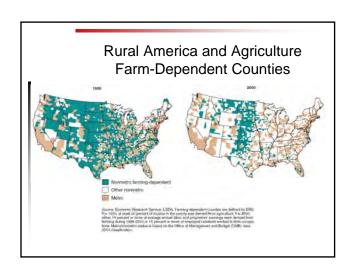


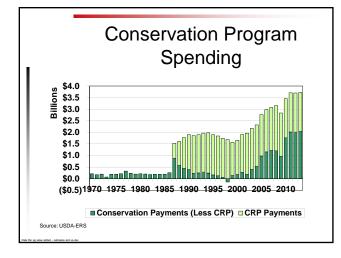




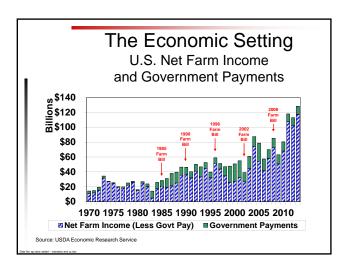


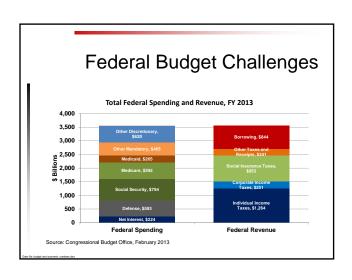


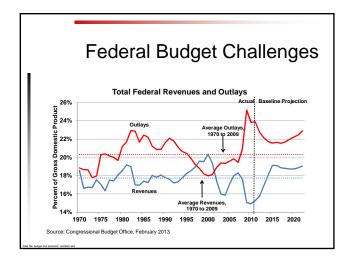


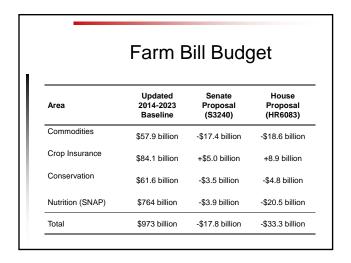


# Transitioning Goals of Policy Saving the family farm → tools for farm businesses to reduce risk Supply control → promoting demand, competitiveness, and international markets Soil conservation → sustainable production and resource utilization Food supply → food security, food safety, and homeland security Domestic demand → nutrition Provision of food, feed, and fiber → provision of food, feed, fiber, fuel, and fins, feathers, and fur (wildlife)









#### Farm Bill Outlook

- Commodity program safety net has evolved over time
  - Price support and supply control
  - Income support tied to price and revenue
  - Risk management
- Expected future program directions
  - Crop insurance as the foundation
  - Revenue safety net to complement crop insurance
  - Price safety net as an alternative
  - Underlying marketing loan
  - Supplemental crop insurance
  - Disaster assistance
  - No direct payments

Farm Bill Safety Net Commodity Program Proposals						
	Senate	Bill (S954)	House Bill (HR1947)			
Component	Farm/County ARC	AMP	RLC	PLC		
Guarantee	Farm/county revenue	National price	County revenue	National price		
Benchmark	5-yr Oly average yield x 5-yr Oly average national price	55% of 5-year Oly average national price; fixed reference prices for rice and peanuts	5-yr Oly average yield x 5-yr Oly average national price	Fixed reference prices		
Payment trigger	Revenue<88% of benchmark	National price < reference price	Revenue<85% of benchmark	National price < reference price		
Payment coverage	78 - 88% of benchmark	Reference price – national price	75 - 85% of benchmark	Reference price – national price		
Payment acres	65/80% of planted acres (45% of prevent-plant)	85% of base acres	85% of planted acres (30% of prevent-plant)	85% of planted acres (30% of prevent-plant)		
Loan rate	Same as	2008 for most commo	dities; formula for upl	and cotton		

# Commodity Program Rates Proposed Loan Rates

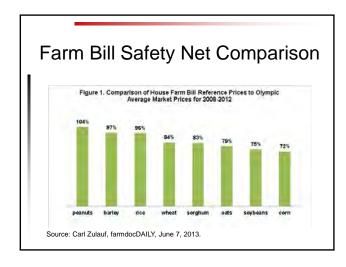
Commodity	2010-2013	S954	HR1947
Wheat (bu)	\$2.94	\$2.94	\$2.94
Corn (bu)	\$1.95	\$1.95	\$1.95
Sorghum (bu)	\$1.95	\$1.95	\$1.95
Barley (bu)	\$1.95	\$1.95	\$1.95
Oats (bu)	\$1.39	\$1.39	\$1.39
Upland cotton (lb)	\$0.52	\$0.45 - \$0.52	\$0.47 - \$0.52
Rice (cwt)	\$6.50	\$6.50	\$6.50
Soybeans (bu)	\$5.00	\$5.00	\$5.00
Peanuts (ton)	\$355.00	\$355.00	\$355.00

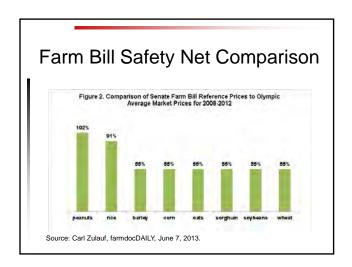
# Commodity Program Rates Proposed Reference Prices

Proposed Reference Prices

Commodity	2010-2013	S954	HR1947
Wheat (bu)	\$4.17	\$3.62*	\$5.50
Corn (bu)	\$2.63	\$2.95*	\$3.70
Sorghum (bu)	\$2.63	\$2.81*	\$3.95
Barley (bu)	\$2.63	2.90*	\$4.95
Oats (bu)	\$1.79	1.65*	\$2.40
Rice (cwt)	\$10.50	\$13.30	\$14.00
Soybeans (bu)	\$6.00	6.29*	\$8.40
Peanuts (ton)	\$495.00	\$523.77	\$535.00
Upland cotton (lb)	\$0.7125	-	-

 \* Estimated target prices for 2014 based on Olympic average of 2009-2013 crop marketing year average prices and current market price projections.





### Farm Bill Safety Net Crop Insurance Proposals

Provision				
TTOVISION	ARC participants	Non-ARC participants	RLC participants	PLC participants
SCO deductible	22%	10%	N.A.	10%
subsidy rate STAX (cotton only)	65	%	65	%
coverage band	70-9	90%	70-9	90%
subsidy rate	80	%	80	%

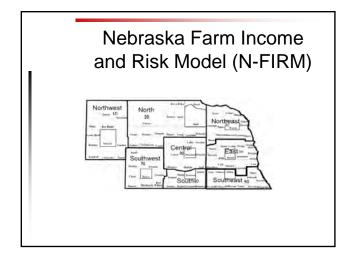
#### Farm Bill Outlook

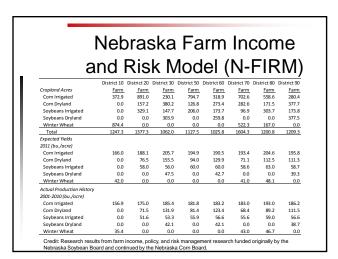
- Major policy questions for the role of the safety net
  - Price vs. revenue protection
  - Shallow-loss vs. deep-loss protection
  - Income support vs. risk management focus

	Farm Income Safety Net Policy Alternatives					
	Fixed Payments	Price-Based Commodity Program	Revenue- Based Commodity Program	Crop Insurance	Supplemental Crop Insurance	Disaster Assistance
Existing Programs	DP	ML, CCP	ACRE	YP, RP, CAT, GRP, GRIP	None	SURE, NAP
Risk Protection	Cash flow	Price	Revenue	Yield/ revenue	Yield/revenue	Yield/revenue
Yield	N/A	None	Multi-year average	Multi-year average	Multi-year average	Multi-year average
Price	N/A	Target prices/ loan rates	Multi-year average	Current year	Current year	Current year
Scope	N/A	National	Area	Farm/area	Area	Farm/area
Coverage	N/A	Deep loss	Shallow loss	Deep loss	Shallow loss	Deep loss
Outlook	Eliminated	Updated target prices	Modified scope and protection	Cuts in premium subsidies	New option	Expanded NAP, no SURE

#### Farm Bill Outlook

- Major policy questions if crop insurance is the foundation of the safety net
  - Payment limits/eligibility
    - · Means testing
    - · Subsidy limits
  - Conservation compliance
  - Interaction with commodity programs





# Farm Bill Safety Net Comparison Correlation Between ACRE and RP Payments by Representative Farm

(March 2013 Baseline)

Percent of Observations with ACRE Payments and 75% RP Payments

Representative	Risk Management Scenario				
Farm	Only ACRE Pays	ACRE and RP Pay	Only RP Pays	Neither ACRE nor RP Pays	
District 10 Farm	13.2%	21.2%	29.6%	36.0%	
District 20 Farm	35.2	41.6	9.2	14.0	
District 30 Farm	38.0	31.0	9.0	22.0	
District 50 Farm	37.8	40.0	7.8	14.4	
District 60 Farm	33.0	44.0	8.4	14.6	
District 70 Farm	25.6	50.4	11.2	12.8	
District 80 Farm	34.0	46.8	6.2	13.0	
District 90 Farm	30.4	44.6	7.6	17.4	

# Farm Bill Safety Net Comparison Correlation Between ACRE and RP Payments for Nonirrigated Corn in

Eastern Nebraska (District 60) (March 2013 Baseline)

Percent of Observations Where Net Sum of Safety Net Payments Exceeds Loss

Crop Revenue	Safety Net Payments					
Scenario	ACRE+RP65%>Loss	ACRE+RP75%>Loss	ACRE+RP85%>Loss			
CR ≥ E[CR]	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%			
CR < E[CR]	26.29%	25.90%	35.06%			
CR < 90%*E[CR]	35.38%	51.28%	66.67%			

## Policy and Management Outlook

- Farm bill decisions
  - Complex program participation decision
  - Increased focus on risk management
- Related policy issues
- Marketing, trade, regulations, etc.
- Management
  - More effective integration of safety net tools
    - Farm programs
    - · Crop insurance
    - Marketing
  - Better risk management decision-making
    - Production, price, financial, legal, human
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